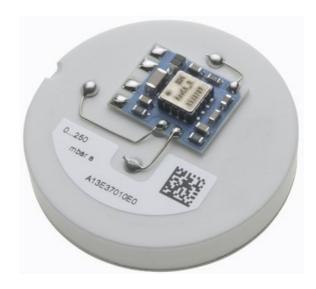


Technical Information

## Ceracore UCS2

Pressure sensor element

Ceramic sensor with compensated sensor output signal



### Application

- The pressure sensor element Ceracore UCS2 delivers a pressure-proportional voltage signal
- Endress+Hauser offers support for the integration of the Ceracore UCS2 into the customized application

### Your benefits

- Dry capacitive ceramic sensor
- Basic ceramic material (99.9 % Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)
- extremely high overload limit
- absolutely resistant to wear
- high temperature stability
- high long-term stability
- no hysteresis
- corrosion-resistant
- Active electronics
  - sensor–specific signal conditioning
  - high-accuracy pressure measurement with temperature stability

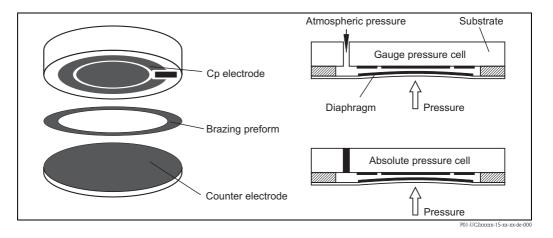


### Function and system design

### Measuring principle

The Ceracore UCS2 basic material is  $Al_2O_3$  (99.9 %), a highly resistant ceramic material for many aggressive gases and liquids. Cylindrical ceramic components (diaphragm, meter body) are bonded to form a high-strength, hermetically sealed pressure sensor element. With absolute pressure sensors, the vacuum of  $3.0 \times 10^{-6}$  mbar created in the production process between the diaphragm and the meter body remains permanently. This permits pressure measurements related to the vacuum. With gauge pressure sensors, the back of the diaphragm is vented, i.e. this sensor measures the gauge pressure relative to the atmospheric pressure. Electrically, the sensor element represents a plate capacitor whose capacitance change is the dimension for the pressure change. The capacitive measuring process satisfies the highest requirements concerning resolution and reproducibility. Together with the hysteresis-free behavior of the material  $Al_2O_3$ , it is the basis for the excellent specifications of the sensor. In addition, the Ceracore UCS2 is a dry measuring cell, i.e. there is no separating diaphragm or filling fluid which could influence the measurement.

A further advantage of the capacitive ceramic sensor is its high overload resistance. After removal of the overload, it returns to the initial position without any damage or hysteresis.



	Input				
Measured variable	Choice of gauge pressure or absolute pressure				
Measuring range	Gauge pressure measurement 0.1 to 70 bar, absolute pressure measurement 0.2 to 70 bar				
	Output				
	Values dependent on installation				
Zero point	0.50 V $\pm$ 0.05 V; applies to the respective lower range-value of the measuring range				
Span	$4.00 \text{ V} \pm 0.05 \text{ V}$				
Characteristic curve	linear; max. non-linearity $\leq 0.2$ % of span				
Load	$\geq\!10~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ or $\leq\!300~\mathrm{pF}$ (with signal deviation <0.1 % of span)				
Rise time	approx. 1 ms				
Switch-on time	max. 10 ms				
Long-term stability	max. 0.1 % of span per year				
Output signal	0.5 to 4.5 V				

Supply voltage	<ul> <li>5 V DC stabilized, minimum 4.5 V / maximum 5.5 V</li> <li>Influence of supply voltage: no influence on linearity / proportional on lower range-value / proportional on span, no influence on temperature compensation</li> </ul>		
Current consumption	Maximum 2 mA at a supply voltage of 5 V		
	Operating conditions: Installation		

### Power supply

# Orientation Arbitrary. Operate the sensor system with the diaphragm pointing downwards. Otherwise observe the position-dependent zero point shift for small pressure ranges (≤ 400 mbar). Weight approx. 17 to 23 g, depending on measuring range Dimensions Electrical connection

#### Power supply +5 VDC Pressure/ Ø2.1 ±0.1 Zero potential Output signal +0.5...4.5 V Dimension X 1.6 Sealing surface thickness 70 bar / 2.11 7.14 6.78 40 bar / 1.75 -100...100 mbar g 6.42 20 bar / 1.39 որի +0.29 2xØ32.4 -0.15 10 bar / 1.10 7.2 6.13 Πl $\infty 25^{1}$ 3.4 Γ 5.84 4 bar / 0.81 10E2 5.68 2 bar / 0.65 Ξ 5.54 1 bar / 0.51 5.41 400 mbar / 0.38 Ø0.97 Reference air 5.33 200 mbar / 0.30 bore for relative 9.7 X ±0.03 5.27 100 mbar / 0.24 pressure sensors 10.6 <sup>1</sup>Sealless surface 2.65

## **Operating conditions: Environment**

Ambient temperature range	<b>ge</b> -40 °C to +125 °C (also applies to storage temperature)			
Degree of protection	IP 00 as per DIN 60529 (IEC529); Climate class 3K3 DIN EN 60721-3-3			
	Operating conditions: Process			
Reference operating conditions	As per DIN IEC 60770, T = 25 °C			
Media	Gases and liquids			
Material	Diaphragm: aluminum oxide ceramic $Al_2O_3$ (99.9 %)			
Process temperature limits	-40 °C to +125 °C, compensation temperature -20 °C to +80 °C			

Thermal change	Thermal change of the lower range-value in the compensation temperature range: max. $\pm 0.75$ % of span, with extended specification $\pm 1$ % of span Thermal change of output span in the compensation temperature range: max. $\pm 0.5$ % of span. With measuring ranges $\leq 0.4$ bar $\pm 0.8$ % of span, with extended specification $\pm 1$ % of span		
Limiting medium pressure range	Overload limit: see "Ordering information" section, Overload influence: negligible		
Vacuum resistance	UCS2 with nominal value 400 mbar up to 70 bar: 0 mbar abs UCS2 with nominal value 200 mbar: 500 mbar abs (Version M in Ordering information) UCS2 with nominal value 100 mbar: 700 mbar abs (Version L in Ordering information)		

## Ordering information

eracore UCS2	10	Sen	Sensor range; Overload (other measuring ranges and special versions on request)		
		А	0100 mbar / 10 kPa/1.5 psi absolute; 4 bar/400 kPa/60 psi		
		В	0 to 200 mbar /20 kPa/3 psi absolute; 6 bar/600 kPa/ 90 psi		
		С	0 to 400 mbar /40 kPa/6 psi absolute; 6 bar/600 kPa/ 90 psi		
		D	0 to 1 bar /100 kPa/15 psi absolute; 10 bar/1 MPa/ 150 psi		
		Е	0 to 2 bar /200 kPa/30 psi absolute; 18 bar/1.8 MPa/ 270 psi		
		F	0 to 4 bar /400 kPa/60 psi absolute; 25 bar/2.5 MPa/ 375 psi		
		G	0 to 10 bar /1 MPa/150 psi absolute; 40 bar/4 MPa/ 600 psi		
		Н	0 to 20 bar /2 MPa/300 psi absolute; 40 bar/4 MPa/ 600 psi		
		Ι	0 to 40 bar /4 MPa/600 psi absolute; 60 bar/6 MPa/ 900 psi		
		J	0 to 70 bar /7 MPa/1050 psi absolute; 105 bar/10.5 MPa/ 1575 psi		
		L	0 to 100 mbar /10 kPa/1.5 psi relative; 4 bar/400 kPa/ 60 psi		
		М	0 to 200 mbar /20 kPa/3 psi relative; 6 bar/600 kPa/ 90 psi		
		Ν	0 to 400 mbar /40 kPa/6 psi relative; 6 bar/600 kPa/ 90 psi		
		0	0 to 1 bar /100 kPa/15 psi relative; 10 bar/1 MPa/ 150 psi		
		Р	0 to 2 bar /200 kPa/30 psi relative; 18 bar/1.8 MPa/ 270 psi		
		R	0 to 4 bar /400 kPa/60 psi relative; 25 bar/5 MPa/ 375 psi		
		S	0 to 10 bar /1 MPa/150 psi relative; 40 bar/4 MPa/ 600 psi		
		Т	0 to 20 bar /2 MPa/300 psi relative; 40 bar/4 MPa/ 600 psi		
		U	0 to 40 bar /4 MPa/600 psi relative; 60 bar/6 MPa/ 900 psi		
		V	0 to 70 bar /7 MPa/1050 psi relative; 105 bar/10.5 MPa/ 1575 psi		
	20	Cal	ibration; Unit		
			A see additional specification (special measuring ranges with extended specifications)		
			1 Sensor range; mbar/bar		
			2 Sensor range; kPa/MPa		
			3 Sensor range; psi		
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	UCS2 -				

## **Contact adresses**

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